

Advocacy & PR Officer

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Overview of Presentation



The Presentation includes the following:

- The Role of Information Management
- 2. What System Facilitates this roles:
 - I. Part A Data Collection
 - II. Part B Data Storage and Monitoring (database)
 - III. Part C Analysis & Reporting (dashboards/ websites)
 - IV. Part D Taking Action for Results
- 3. Information System Overview
- 4. Summary

The Role of Information Management

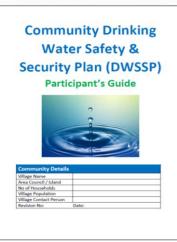


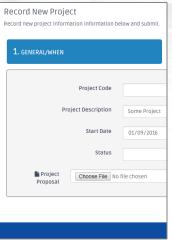
- Ensure all Department of Water database is functioning
- Check quality of data submitted and edit where necessary
- Ensure all websites / dashboards up to date and accessible
- Create back-ups and archives of all database and work files
- Create ready to be used data into awareness materials



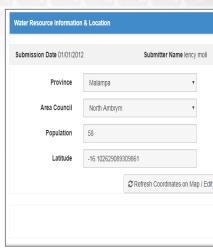
Part A – Data Collection (Web Forms)











- Data collection
- Assist community

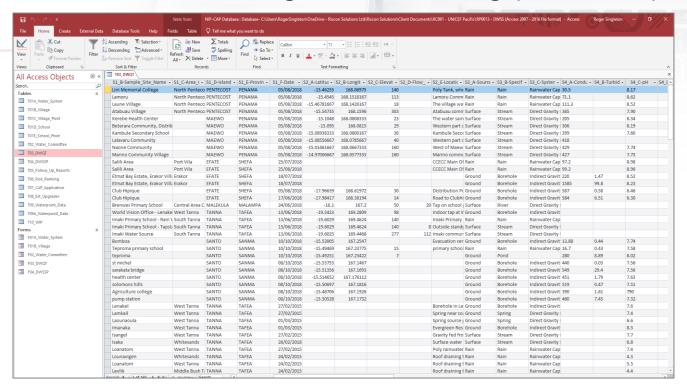
Data Collection (Forms)



| Form Name | Physical Document | Description |
|---|---------------------|--|
| 01. Water System Registration | Not yet written | Registration of community water system based on the WRI (Water Resources Inventory) |
| 02. Water Committee Registration | N/A | Currently LIVE FORM (Click to view) Registration of community water committee |
| 03. Drinking Water Quality Submission | N/A | (Currently LIVE FORM (Click to view) Registration of drinking water quality data |
| 04. Drinking Water Safety and Security Plan (DWSSP) | DWSSP Word Template | The completed plan from a Drinking Water Safety and Security Planning (DWSSP) training At present this form is submitted via (Fastfield forms (Click to view) with information sent to SQL server and an EDITABLE word copy to Google Drive. Action Required: To identify how contractors can update submitted DWSSPs after submission, possibly via Google Drive. |



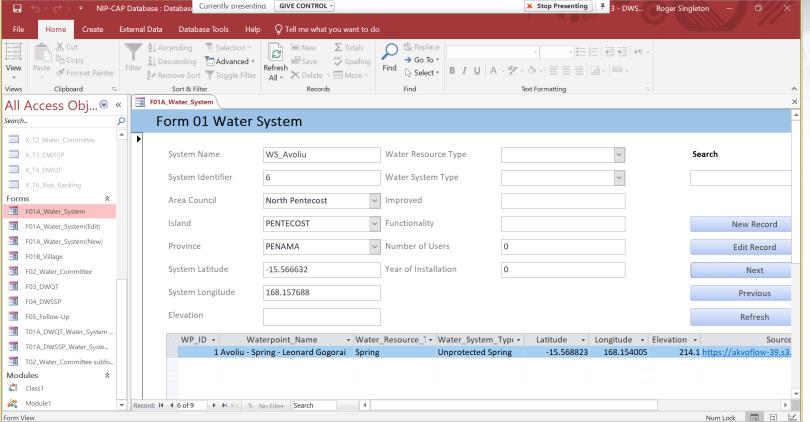
Part B - Data Storage & Monitoring (Database)



- Database functioning
- Data quality
- Community risk ranking
- Maintain accessibility

Data Storage (Database)

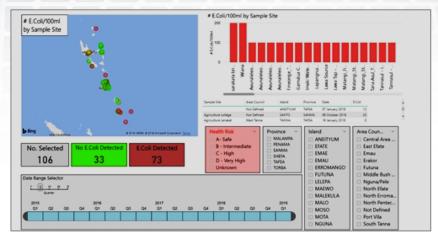






Part C - Analysis and Reporting (Dashboard / Website)

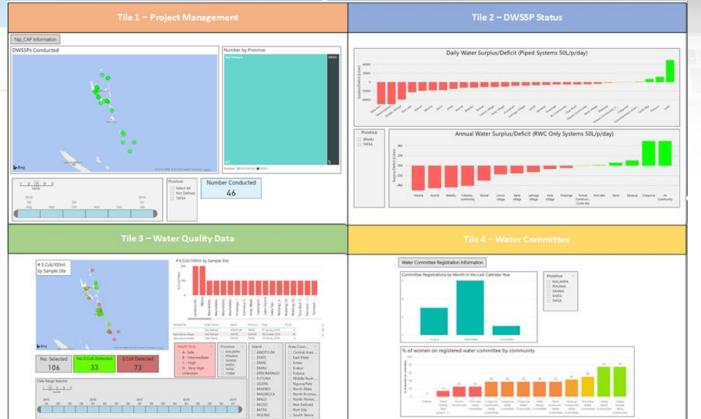




- Make decisions
- Check information
- Allocate resource

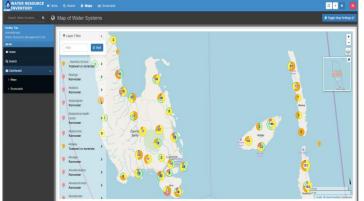
Analysis and Reporting (Dashboard)



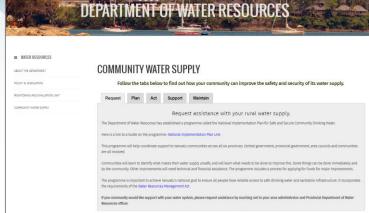


Analysis and Reporting (Website)





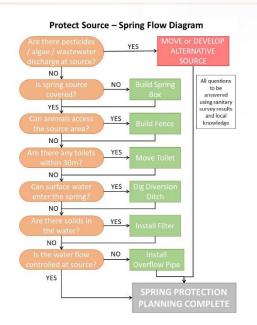








Part D - Taking Action for Results

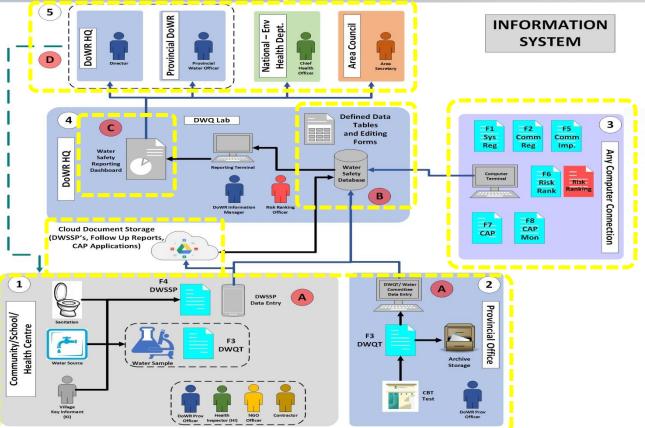


| Parameter | Why outside the limit? | What action to take? |
|--|--|---|
| E.Coli | There is contamination from faecal matter somewhere in the system | Conduct a sanitary survey, part of a water safety plan to see if a cause can be found. If cause cannot be found, recommend boiling water as household treatment, or using a less contaminated source for drinking |
| Total Coliform | Contamination from any bacteria somewhere in the system | |
| Turbidity | Lots of suspended particles from source, or other sediment in system | If higher than 5 NTU chlorine use may be affected. Recommend storing water to let sediment settle, or choosing alternative inlet for water source. |
| рН | Low pH indicates acid contamination with high pH from alkaline | pH < 8 for effective chlorination, low pH causes corrosion in pipes, If contaminated look for a cause via a sanitary survey. Generally this is caused by contamination from industry or settlements. |
| Electrical Conductivity Total Dissolved Solids | Closely linked. EC increases with salt water content, TDS goes up with general contaminants in water | For groundwater, aim to monitor over time as it probably indicates saltwater intrusion. If this is the case, need to reduce the amount of water being pumped from the groundwater source. |
| Res Chlorine | Not enough chlorine in system | Check pH and turbidity. If ok, then increase amount of chlorine in treatment |
| Fluoride Naturally occurring in ground rock formations | | If above 1.5mg/L report to public health office and track over time. Depending on level and amount source is used, another water source may need to be used. |

- Conduct actions
- Assist and supervise
- Fund Projects

Information System Overview





In Summary



In summary:

- 1. Information Management help show when we reach our goals
- 2. The main parts of an information system include:
 - Data Collection
 - Data Storage
 - Data Analysis and Reporting
 - Actions from Data



Thank you for your Time

